

CATALOG NUMBER 04-3010 (To process 20 63x63mm plates)  
CATALOG NUMBER 04-3011 (To process 200 63x63mm plates)



## PHOTOGRAPHERS' FORMULARY INC.

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### JD-2 HOLOGRAPHY PROCESSING KIT

Holographic film plates, supplies, and instructions for holography are available from:

Integraf LLC  
Holography Supplies & Resources  
(425) 821-0772  
<http://www.integraf.com>

Recommended by Dr. Tung Jeong of Lake Forest College, the JD-2 holography developer and processing kit provides all the chemicals needed for making holograms using Slavich PFG-01, VRP, VRP-M holographic plates and film sheets. Simply mix the dry chemicals in the JD-2 kit with water to prepare the developer components and bleach solution. If you are using holographic film sheets, remove the film sheet from your film holder after exposure before processing. This formula has been proven to be most useful for all kinds of holograms. It is relatively safe, even for the home hobbyist.

### FOR YOUR CHEMICAL SAFETY

Like many household cleaners, chemicals in general should be considered dangerous and must be treated with respect. Please read all the warning labels on each package. It is good practice to use eye goggles, dust mask, apron and rubber gloves when mixing chemicals. While the chemicals have low volatility, working in a ventilated area is recommended.

Although most chemicals in JD-2 are considered non-hazardous by the EPA, the kit does contain small amounts of chemicals that the EPA does consider hazardous.

**Potassium Dichromate** is both toxic and an oxidizer (potential fire hazard). To dispose of excess solid potassium dichromate always washes the solid down the drain with large amounts of water. Never dispose of the solid in a wastebasket. Spillage of a dichromate solution on the skin will cause a chemical burn, which will appear as ulceration. In addition, all chromium compounds are potential carcinogens. In addition, we strongly recommend you use disposable rubber gloves when handling this compound in solutions. Clean all trays and containers thoroughly with water followed by soap and water. Dispose of excess dichromate salts and their solutions down a drain with a large volume of water.

**Urea and Ascorbic Acid** may irritate the eyes and skin.

**Catechol** is a toxic central nervous system depressant, methemoglobin former and convulsant; a severe eye, skin, and mucous membrane irritant. It is also a skin sensitizer. Poisoning may affect the liver and kidneys.

**Sodium Bisulfate** is a skin irritant. Wash skin with lots of running water for 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention. If swallowed do not induce vomiting. Wear rubber gloves; dust mask, apron, and safety goggles when mixing this solution. If for any reason you do not wish to assume all risks in using these chemicals, please return them within 30 days for a full refund.

Please consult with local sewer and water authorities regarding the proper disposal of darkroom chemicals in your area.

**MIXING THE STOCK SOLUTIONS**

The chemicals in this JD-2 kit are already pre-measured to make approximately 1000ml of each of three solutions. You will need to add de-ionized or distilled water, which can be purchased at your local grocery store. It is best to use distilled water that contains no other chemicals although distilled drinking water, which sometimes contains small but negligible amounts of other chemicals, can also be used. Water from your tap generally contains fluoride and other impurities that may reduce the quality of your hologram. For efficiency and safety, teachers or an adult should pre-mix the solutions for their students.

**Part A**

Chemical	Amount	Amount
	(Cat. no. 04-3010)	(Cat. no. 04-3011)
Catechol	20 grams	200 grams
Ascorbic Acid	10 grams	100 grams
Sodium Sulfite	10 grams	100 grams
Urea	75 grams	750 grams
ADD Distilled water	1000 ml	10 liters

**Part B**

Chemical	Amount	Amount
Sodium Carbonate, Anhyd.	60 grams	600grams
ADD Distilled water	1000ml	10 liters

**Bleach Solution**

Chemical	Amount	Amount
Potassium Dichromate	5 grams	50 grams
Sodium Bisulfate	80 grams	800 grams
Add Distilled water	1000ml	10 liters

Use three 1 liter (or larger) size clean glass or plastic bottles with leak-proof caps. Label them **Part A**, **Part B**, and **Bleach** respectively. To help dissolve the chemicals, you can heat the water until it is luke warm. But don't use the solution until it returns to room temperature. Optionally, you can also prepare each solution in a clean beaker and then pour the solution into the bottle.

**PART A.** Fill the bottle marked Part A with roughly 1000 ml of distilled water. Dissolve each chemical above for Part A one-by-one, in any order. Tightly cap the bottle.

**PART B.** Follow a similar procedure as above for Part B.

**BLEACH.** Follow a similar procedure as above for the Bleach.

All solutions last for many months if capped tightly and stored in room temperature. Refrigeration will further increase shelf-life. Store chemicals it in a safe place away from food and children.

**HOLOGRAM EXPOSURE**

For detailed instructions on making holograms, study the article "Simple Holography" found on Integraf's website ([www.integraf.com](http://www.integraf.com)). Before making your exposures, you should mix and prepare your chemicals as follows.

**PREPARATION**

Have the following items on hand:

- Your pre-mixed JD-2 Part A, Part B, and Bleach Solution.
- 1 additional gallon (4 liters) of distilled or de-ionized water for best results. Tap water will also work but not as well. Avoid hard water. This will be used to rinse the holograms between each processing step.
- 2 small glass or plastic trays, just large enough so that the hologram you are making can be submerged in a horizontal position.
- 2 large glass or plastic trays to hold 1 liter of distilled water for rinsing. Tap water may also work but not as well.
- 1 (optional, but recommended) large tray to hold 1 liter of distilled water mixed with about 1 ml of photographic wetting agent such as PhotoFlo or Formaflo. You can also use a small tray with less wetting agent, but you should replace the solution after a few holograms.
- 1 rubber glove

Now label one small tray as Developer A&B. Then, mix equal portions of Part A and Part B, enough so that the hologram to be developed can be totally submerged. Once mixed, the combined A&B solution can be used to develop several holograms, and can last several hours.

Next to the developer tray place a large tray with one liter of distilled water. This will be used as a rinse.

Next, label another small tray as Bleach. Put enough bleach into it so that the hologram can be totally submerged.

Next to the bleach place another large tray with one liter of distilled water. This will be used as a rinse.

Optionally, place a large tray with the wetting solution in 1 liter of distilled water. Using a wetting solution is optional but recommended. It allows the hologram to dry evenly, thus helping you prevent smudges or streaks.

Check the order of the trays: developer A&B, rinse, bleach, rinse, wetting solution.

**PROCESSING PROCEDURES**

After the holographic plate is exposed, hold it by the edges with your glove hand (or tongs). Keep the emulsion (sticky) side facing upwards to protect the emulsion from accidentally scraping the bottom of your developer tray. Complete the following steps in a dark room. You can use a green safelight. Alternatively you can use a standard night light without allowing any direct light to the holographic plate. (After the bleaching process, it is safe to turn on all lights, if preferred.)

**1. Develop:**

Quickly submerge the plate into the developer so that all parts get wet evenly. Slush it around for about two minutes until the holographic plate turns uniformly black.

**2. Rinse:**

Rinse the developed hologram with agitation for about 20-30 seconds (or up to three minutes for best results).

**3. Bleach:**

Place the rinsed hologram into the bleaching solution; agitate it until the plate is completely clear (approximately two minutes or less).

**4. Rinse again:**

Rinse the bleached hologram with agitation for about 20-30 seconds (or up to three minutes for best results)

**5. Finish in wetting solution:**

Optionally, place the finished hologram in the wetting solution for about 20 to 60 seconds. For best results, avoid streaks or runs as you remove the hologram from the solution. You can actually do this step under light so you observe if the wetting solution is evenly coated. (After the bleaching process, the hologram is safe to process under regular indoor lighting).

A good way to dry the hologram is to stand it against a vertical surface with the bottom edge resting on a hand-towel or tissue paper. Best results are obtained when it dries naturally in clean, dust-free air. However, if time is limited, the hologram can be quick-dried by holding it vertically and blowing warm air across it with a hair dryer. For holographic film sheets, hang up vertically to dry, using clean and dry clothespins.

For a reflection hologram, the image can be viewed after thorough drying, which may take minutes to hours, depending on ambient conditions and technique. Transmission holograms, on the other hand, can be viewed with a laser even when wet.